## Discipline: Labor law Annotation Labor intensity: 2 ECTS, 72 academic hours. Final control form: test

Labor law is a basic academic discipline, the tasks of which are study of the main provisions of the theory of labor law, as well as the practice of application current norms of the Labor Code in the Russian Federation and the Republic of Armenia, study of international legal acts in the field of labor, the basic principles of labor law, familiarizing students with the practice of applying the current labor standards code in The Russian Federation and the Republic of Armenia, with urgent problems of labor law, studying judicial practice in labor disputes, building skills

application of labor law in practice, drawing up documents in the field of labor and other relations directly related to them.

The practical part of the discipline consists in solving problems, tests, as well as compiling labor contracts and other documents in the field of labor and other directly related relationships.

The subject of this training course is the legal norms governing social relations that develop in the process of realization by citizens of their ability to work, the functioning of the labor market and the use of hired labor.

Labor law is part of a unified legal system; therefore, it should be studied in close connection with other academic disciplines, primarily the theory of the state and law, constitutional law, administrative law, social law provision.

The system of the discipline "Labor Law" consists of sections. This is a common part and special part. The general part includes norms that apply to all social relations of labor law, basic principles and objectives of legal regulation, basic rights and obligations of the parties to labor relations, etc. In a special part includes an institute for the promotion of employment and employment, an employment contract, a worker time and time of rest, wages, guarantees and compensation payments, labor discipline and labor protection. In accordance with this system, the curriculum of the discipline.

The legislative base of the academic discipline is made by the Labor Codes of the Russian Federation and the Republic of Armenia, as well as other normative legal acts, regulating labor and other directly related legal relations. IN during the study of this academic discipline, the decisions of the Plenum will be used Of the Supreme Court of the Russian Federation, decisions of the Court of Cassation of the Republic Armenia, as well as reviews of judicial practice.

The basis for studying the theoretical part of the academic discipline is made up of textbooks on labor law, comments on the Labor Code of the Russian Federation, dissertations, monographs and articles on selected topics.